

52nd (Lowland) Infantry Division (1)

155th (East Scottish) Infantry Brigade (2)

4th/5th Bn. (Queen's Edinburgh) The Royal Scots (The Royal Regiment) (3)

7th/9th (Highlanders) Bn. The Royal Scots (The Royal Regiment)

4th (The Border) Bn. The King's Own Scottish Borderers

5th (Dumfriesshire) Bn. The King's Own Scottish Borderers

156th (West Scottish) Infantry Brigade (4)

4th/5th Bn. The Royal Scots Fusiliers

5th/8th Bn. The Cameronians (Scottish Rifles) (5)

6th (Lanarkshire) Bn. The Cameronians (Scottish Rifles)

7th Bn. The Cameronians (Scottish Rifles)

157th (Highland Light Infantry) Infantry Brigade (6)

5th (City of Glasgow) Bn. The Highland Light Infantry (City of Glasgow Regiment)

6th (City of Glasgow) Bn. The Highland Light Infantry (City of Glasgow Regiment)

7th (Blythswood) Bn. The Highland Light Infantry (City of Glasgow Regiment) (7)

9th (Glasgow Highlanders) Bn. The Highland Light Infantry
(City of Glasgow Regiment) (8)

Divisional Troops

Headquarters, 52nd (Lowland) Divisional Royal Artillery (9)

78th (Lowland) Field Brigade, Royal Artillery (10)

(H.Q., 309th (1st City of Edinburgh), 310th (2nd City of Edinburgh), 311th (Midlothian)
& 312th (5th City of Glasgow) Field Batteries, Royal Artillery)

79th (Lowland) Field Brigade, Royal Artillery (11)

(H.Q., 313th (Ayr), 314th (Irvine), 315th (Kirkcudbright) & 316th (Kilmarnock) Field
Batteries, Royal Artillery)

80th (Lowland – City of Glasgow) Field Brigade, Royal Artillery (12)

(H.Q., 317th (1st City of Glasgow), 318th (2nd City of Glasgow), 319th (3rd City of
Glasgow) & 320th (4th City of Glasgow) Field Batteries, Royal Artillery)

Headquarters, 52nd (Lowland) Divisional Engineers

240th (Lowland) Field Company, Royal Engineers (13)

241st (Lowland) Field Company, Royal Engineers (13)

242nd (Lowland) Field Company, Royal Engineers (13)

52nd (Lowland) Divisional Signals, Royal Corps of Signals (14)

Headquarters, 52nd (Lowland) Divisional Royal Army Service Corps (15)

528th Company, Royal Army Service Corps (15)

529th Company, Royal Army Service Corps (15)

530th Company, Royal Army Service Corps (15)

155th (Lowland) Field Ambulance, Royal Army Medical Corps (16)

Army Troops in the 52nd Divisional Area

The Ayrshire Yeomanry (Earl of Carrick's Own) (17)

The Lanarkshire Yeomanry (18)

19th (Lothians and Border Horse) Armoured Car Company, Royal Tank Corps (19)

101st (Queen's Own Royal Glasgow Yeomanry) Army Field Brigade,
Royal Artillery (20)

(H.Q., 401st (Queen's Own Royal Glasgow Yeomanry) & 402nd (Queen's Own Royal Glasgow Yeomanry) Field Batteries, Royal Artillery)

57th (Lowland) Medium Brigade, Royal Artillery (21)

(H.Q., 225th (City of Edinburgh), 226th (City of Edinburgh) (Howitzer), 227th (Haddington) (Howitzer) & 228th (Peebles and Midlothian) (Howitzer) Medium Batteries, Royal Artillery)

103rd (Glasgow) Army Troops Company, Royal Engineers (22)

109th (Glasgow) Workshops and Park Company, Royal Engineers (22)

230th Field Artillery Signal Section, Royal Corps of Signals (14)

208th Medium Artillery Signal Section, Royal Corps of Signals (14)

554th (Non-Divisional) Company, Royal Army Service Corps

52nd Ordnance Company, Royal Army Ordnance Corps (23)

11th (2nd Scottish) General Hospital, Royal Army Medical Corps (16)

5th (Scottish) Hygiene Company, Royal Army Medical Corps (16)

1. This division was formed in 1908 as part of the Territorial Force. It was numbered in April 1915, and reconstituted as part of the Territorial Army in 1920. The headquarters for the division were located at 12 Park Circus, Glasgow. The division did not undergo significant changes between the wars. Each brigade lost one infantry battalion in 1938 which was converted to another role, reducing them from four to three battalions. The division duplicated in April 1939 to form the 15th (Scottish) Infantry Division as a mirror image of its parent division. It was deployed to France on the 10th June 1940, after the evacuation of the majority of the B.E.F. from Dunkirk. The division only stayed in France for seven days, before being evacuated itself. It then trained for airlanding operations, but was deployed as a standard infantry division to North West Europe in October 1944. After the war, the division was reformed in 1947 as part of the reconstituted Territorial Army.
2. A first line Territorial Army brigade, the headquarters of which were based in the Drill Hall, Forrest Road, Edinburgh. The 4th/5th Bn. was based at the Drill Hall, Forrest Road, Edinburgh; and the 7th/9th Bn. was based at 89, East Claremont Street, Edinburgh. The 4th Bn. The K.O.S.B. was based at Paton Street, Galashiels, and the 5th Bn. The K.O.S.B. was based at the Drill Hall, Dumfries. This brigade remained with the division throughout.
3. In 1938, this battalion was converted into an anti-aircraft role, becoming the: 4th/5th Bn. The Royal Scots (The Royal Regiment)(52nd Searchlight Regiment) In August 1940, it became the 52nd (Queen's Edinburgh, Royal Scots) Searchlight Regiment, Royal Artillery. It served in Home Forces until March 1942, when it converted into the 130th (Queen's Edinburgh, Royal Scots) Light Anti-Aircraft Regiment, Royal Artillery. The regiment was stationed in the U.K. throughout the rest of the war. In 1947, it was reformed as the 587th (Queen's Edinburgh, Royal Scots) Light Anti-Aircraft Regiment, Royal Artillery.
4. A first line Territorial Army brigade, with its headquarters located at 61, Yorkhill Parade, Glasgow. The 4th/5th Bn. The Royal Scots Fusiliers was based at 24, Wellington Square, Ayr, the 5th/8th Bn. The Cameronians was based at 261, West Prince's Street, just to the north west of Glasgow City Centre, the 6th Bn. The Cameronians was based at Muirhall, Hamilton (recruiting from Lanarkshire), and the 7th Bn. was based at 35, Coplaw Street, Victoria Road in the Pollockshields area of south Glasgow.
5. In 1938, this battalion was converted into an anti-aircraft role, being redesignated: 5th/8th Bn. The Cameronians (Scottish Rifles) (56th Searchlight Regiment) The battalion became part of the Royal Artillery in 1940 as the 56th Searchlight Regiment, and in February 1942 it was redesignated as the 125th (Cameronians) Light Anti-Aircraft Regiment, Royal Artillery. It served in the U.K. and then N.W. Europe with the 2nd Army. It was reformed in 1947 as the 591st Light Anti-Aircraft Regiment.
6. A first line Territorial Army brigade, which had its headquarters based at 61, Yorkhill Parade, Glasgow. The four battalions of the H.L.I. were all based in Glasgow; the 5th Bn. At 24, Hill Street, Garnethill, Glasgow C3; the 6th Bn. at 172, Yorkhill Street, Glasgow C3; the 7th Bn. being based at 69, Main Street, Bridgeton to the south east of the city centre with the 9th Bn. being based at 81, Greendyke Street, Glasgow C1, to the south of Glasgow city centre.

7. In 1938, this battalion was converted into an anti-aircraft role, being redesignated as:
83rd (Blythswood) Anti-Aircraft Brigade, Royal Artillery
In 1939, it became the 83rd (Blythswood) Heavy Anti-Aircraft Regiment, Royal Artillery. This regiment left the U.K. in April 1942, moving to Iraq. It moved to Palestine in April 1943, being placed in suspended animation in September 1944 in the Middle East.
8. In 1938, this battalion was redesignated as the:
1st Bn. The Glasgow Highlanders
Its parent regiment remained the Highland Light Infantry.
9. The Commander Royal Artillery and his staff were located at 51, Yorkhill Parade, Glasgow.
10. A first line Territorial Army regiment originally formed in 1916 as the 1st Lowland Brigade, R.F.A. The headquarters and three batteries (the 309th, 310th and 311th) were based in Edinburgh. The 312th Battery was based in Glasgow. The regiment duplicated in April 1939 to form the 129th Field Regiment, with the 311th and 312th Batteries transferring to the new regiment. The 78th Field Regiment remained with the division until June 1942, when it transferred to Home Forces. In February 1943, the regiment arrived in North Africa. It served with 8th Army until May 1944, when it converted to the 178th Medium Regiment. The 129th Field Regiment left the 15th Infantry Division in May 1942, moving to India. There it came under command of the 17th Indian Infantry Division for the 1944 and 1945 campaigns in Burma.
11. A T.A. regiment, which also dated from 1916. The H.Q. and 313th Batteries were based in Ayr, the 314th Battery based in Irvine, the 315th Battery based in Kirkcudbright, and the 316th Battery in Kilmarnock. The Regiment duplicated in April 1939 to form the 130th Field Regiment, the 315th and 316th Batteries transferring to the new Regiment. The 79th Field Regiment remained with this Division throughout the war. The 130th Field Regiment left the 15th Infantry Division in January 1942, moving to India, where it joined the 14th Indian Infantry Division and then the 36th Indian Infantry Division.
12. This T.A. regiment also dated from 1916. The H.Q. and 317th Batteries were based in Glasgow, the 318th Battery based in Maryhill, Glasgow, the 319th Battery in Townhead, Glasgow and the 320th Battery also in Glasgow. In April 1939, the regiment duplicated to form the 131st Field Regiment, the 319th and 320th Batteries transferring across to the new Regiment. The 80th Field Regiment remained with this division for the duration of the war. The 131st Field Regiment remained with the 15th Infantry Division throughout the war.
13. The H.Q. Royal Engineers for the division was based at the Drill Hall, Queen Street, Rutherglen, where the 242nd Field Company was also located. The 240th Field Company was based at the Drill Hall, Coatdyke, Coatbridge, and the 241st Field Company was based at the Drill Hall, Whamond Street, Motherwell. The 240th Field Company left the division on 20th September 1939 later becoming G.H.Q. Troops in France, and the 242nd Field Company left on the 19th October 1939 becoming II Corps Troops in France. Both companies were not replaced immediately, but had been by the time the division was deployed to France.
14. The divisional signals were based at 21 Jardine Street, Glasgow. The 230th Field Artillery Signal Section was also based at Jardine Street, Glasgow, with the 208th Medium Artillery Company being based at Dalmeny Street, Edinburgh.

15. The Headquarters, Divisional Royal Army Service Corps was based at 41 Yorkhill Parade, Glasgow, together with 529th and 530th Companies. The 528th Company was based at the Drill Hall, Brandon Terrace, Edinburgh.
16. The divisional field ambulance was located at 33, Gilmore Place, Edinburgh 3. The 11th General Hospital was also located at this T.A. centre. The Hygiene Company was based at Yorkhill Parade, Glasgow C.3.
17. The regiment dates back to the formation in 1794 of independent troops of Yeomanry in Ayrshire. In 1803, these became the Ayrshire Yeomanry Cavalry. In 1897, it was entitled as the Ayrshire Yeomanry Cavalry (Earl of Carrick's Own). It was transferred to the Territorial Force in 1908. After service in South Africa and in The Great War, the regiment was reconstituted in the Territorial Army on the 7th February 1920, with its headquarters located at 6, Citadel Place, Ayr. On the 15th February 1940, the regiment was converted into an artillery role being redesignated as:
151st (Ayrshire Yeomanry) Field Regiment, Royal Artillery
It came under the command of Home Forces until joining the 46th Infantry Division in September 1942. It transferred to the 11th Armoured Division, with which it served throughout the rest of the war. Two months after the conversion of the regiment, it duplicated to form a second Field regiment. This was:
152nd (Ayrshire Yeomanry) Field Regiment, Royal Artillery
This regiment also initially served under Home Forces, and then joined the 6th Armoured Division in June 1942, with which it served for the rest of the war. It served in North Africa and Italy until the end of the war.
18. This regiment was formed in 1819 as Independent Troops at Carnwath, Lanark, Douglas and Lesmahagow. They came together as a regiment in 1848, as the Lanarkshire Yeomanry Cavalry. In 1908, it transferred to the Territorial Force as the Lanarkshire Yeomanry (Lancers), with the Headquarters of the based at 40, Bloomsgate, Lanark. In 1920, the regiment was reformed in the Territorial Army. On the 15th February 1940, it was converted to an artillery role being re-titled as the:
155th (Lanarkshire Yeomanry) Field Regiment, Royal Artillery
The regiment was under the command of Home Forces until March 1941, when it sailed for India. On arrival in May 1941, it came under command of the 9th Indian Infantry Division, based at Kirkee. The regiment travelled with the division to Malaya in August 1941, later transferring to the 11th Indian Infantry Division. However, 'A' Battery remained in India to form the 160th Field Regiment. The regiment was captured with the fall of Singapore on the 15th February 1942. In April 1940, the regiment formed a duplicate unit, entitled as the:
156th (Lanarkshire Yeomanry) Field Regiment, Royal Artillery
Initially coming under the command of Home Forces, it transferred to the Middle East where in August 1942 it joined the 5th Infantry Division. It served with this division throughout the rest of the war, serving in Iraq, Syria, North Africa, Sicily, Italy, Palestine, Italy again and finally North West Europe.
19. The Lothians and Border Horse was a yeomanry regiment which was based at 7, Wemyss Place, Edinburgh 3. In 1920, it was converted into an armoured car company with the Royal Tank Corps. In 1938, it was expanded into a regiment, and in April 1939 it duplicated to form two units.

20. The Glasgow Yeomanry was originally formed in 1797. After service during the Great War, the regiment was reconstituted in the Territorial Army. On the 21st February 1922, it converted into an Army field brigade. The headquarters and both batteries were based at Yorkhill Parade, Glasgow C.3. In 1938, it converted into an anti-tank role as the 54th (Queen's Own Royal Glasgow Yeomanry) Anti-Tank Regiment, Royal Artillery, being allocated to the 52nd Division.
21. A pre-Great War medium brigade, the headquarters of this unit was based at the Drill Hall, Dalmeny Street, Leith. The 226th and 228th Batteries were also based here. The 225th Battery was based at the Drill Hall, McDonald Road, Edinburgh 7, and the 227th Battery at the Drill Hall, Prestonpans. The regiment (as it was now titled) duplicated to form the 66th Medium Regiment in 1939. The 57th Medium Regiment became the 51st (Lowland) Heavy Regiment in September 1939, seeing active service in France in 1940 and North West Europe in 1944 and 1945. The 66th Medium Regiment remained as such, seeing service in North Africa and Italy.
22. These two units were part of the Supplementary Reserve, and were based at 22, Lockburn Road, Maryhill, Glasgow N.W.
23. The divisional ordnance unit was based at 8, Newtown Terrace, Charing Cross, Glasgow C3.