

## 4<sup>th</sup> Division (1)

### 10<sup>th</sup> Infantry Brigade (2)

2<sup>nd</sup> Bn. The Bedfordshire and Hertfordshire Regiment

1<sup>st</sup> Bn. The Royal Berkshire Regiment (Princess Charlotte of Wales's)

2<sup>nd</sup> Bn. The Queen's Own Royal West Kent Regiment

### 11<sup>th</sup> Infantry Brigade (3)

2<sup>nd</sup> Bn. The Somerset Light Infantry (Prince Albert's)

2<sup>nd</sup> Bn. The Lancashire Fusiliers

1<sup>st</sup> Bn. The Oxfordshire and Buckinghamshire Light Infantry

### 12<sup>th</sup> Infantry Brigade (4)

2<sup>nd</sup> Bn. The Dorsetshire Regiment

1<sup>st</sup> Bn. The Prince of Wales's Volunteers (South Lancashire Regiment)

2<sup>nd</sup> Bn. The Seaforth Highlanders (Ross-shire Buffs, The Duke of Albany's)

### Divisional Troops

5<sup>th</sup> Royal Inniskilling Dragoon Guards (5)

2<sup>nd</sup> Bn. The Devonshire Regiment (6)

2<sup>nd</sup> Bn. The East Surrey Regiment (7)

2<sup>nd</sup> Bn. The Royal Fusiliers (City of London Regiment) (8)

XVII Field Brigade, Royal Artillery (9)

(H.Q., 10<sup>th</sup>, 13<sup>th</sup>, 26<sup>th</sup> & 92<sup>nd</sup> (Howitzer) Field Batteries, Royal Artillery)

XXII Field Brigade, Royal Artillery (10)

(H.Q., 32<sup>nd</sup>, 33<sup>rd</sup>, 36<sup>th</sup> (Howitzer) & 55<sup>th</sup> Field Batteries, Royal Artillery)

XXVII Field Brigade, Royal Artillery (11)

(H.Q., 21<sup>st</sup>, 24<sup>th</sup>, 37<sup>th</sup> (Howitzer) & 47<sup>th</sup> Field Batteries, Royal Artillery)

7<sup>th</sup> (Field) Company, Royal Engineers (12)

9<sup>th</sup> (Field) Company, Royal Engineers (13)

59<sup>th</sup> (Field) Company, Royal Engineers (14)

4<sup>th</sup> Divisional Signals, Royal Corps of Signals (15)

21<sup>st</sup> Company, Royal Army Service Corps (16)

38<sup>th</sup> Company, Royal Army Service Corps (16)

44<sup>th</sup> Company, Royal Army Service Corps (16)

1. The 4<sup>th</sup> Division was formed in 1907 as part of the new Expeditionary Force of the British Army following a reorganisation resulting from the outcomes of the South African War. Its headquarters were located in London, with brigades stationed in Essex and Kent. This was a Regular Army field division, with its headquarters based in Colchester, Essex. The division was part of Eastern Command.
2. Based in Shorncliffe in Kent, this brigade was a Regular Army formation. Two of the units were based in Shorncliffe, with the 2<sup>nd</sup> Bn. The Beds and Herts being detached and based at Gravesend.
3. This brigade was based in Colchester, with all the constituent units stationed in the garrison town.
4. The headquarters of this brigade was based in Dover, with all three battalions in the brigade also stationed in the town. The Prince of Wales's Volunteers (South Lancashire Regiment) was retitled in November 1938 as the South Lancashire Regiment (Prince of Wales's Volunteers).
5. The 5<sup>th</sup> Inniskilling Dragoon Guards were based at Colchester in the role of divisional cavalry or divisional reconnaissance regiment.
6. The 2<sup>nd</sup> Devons had recently converted to the role of machine gun battalion. The unit was stationed at Dover administered by the 12<sup>th</sup> Infantry Brigade.
7. The 2<sup>nd</sup> East Surreys had likewise just converted into a machine gun battalion. This battalion was stationed at Colchester. It was administered by the 11<sup>th</sup> Infantry Brigade.
8. The 2<sup>nd</sup> Bn. Royal Fusiliers was another unit that had just converted into a machine gun battalion. It was based at Shorncliffe and was administered by the 10<sup>th</sup> Infantry Brigade which was also based at Shorncliffe.
9. The XVII Field Brigade was formed in 1900. The headquarters and all four batteries were stationed at Woolwich.
10. This field brigade, including all four batteries, was stationed at Shorncliffe. The regiment had been formed in 1900.
11. Another field regiment originally formed in 1900, this unit was stationed at Colchester.
12. This field company was stationed at Colchester.
13. The 9<sup>th</sup> (Field) Company was stationed at Shorncliffe in Kent.
14. This field company was stationed at Canterbury in Kent.
15. The divisional signals were based at Canterbury, having moved from Colchester in 1934. Some personnel were posted away to Palestine in 1936, which left the unit very short of trained officers and men. It was downgraded to an operator training unit until 1939, when it was mobilised by transferring personnel from the 54<sup>th</sup> (East Anglian) Divisional Signals as that unit mobilised.
16. The three R.A.S.C. companies formed the ammunition company, petrol company and supply column for the division. The 21<sup>st</sup> Company was stationed at Colchester, the 38<sup>th</sup> Company at Woolwich and the 44<sup>th</sup> Company was based in London.